

SFL LIMITED

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COMPANY PROFILE

Board Of Directors

Chairman : Mr. Yousuf Abdullah

Chief Executive : Mr. Amer Abdullah

Director : Mr. Nadeem Abdullah

Mr. Shahid Abdullah Mrs. Ambareen Amer Mr. Mohammad Yamin

Independent Director Mr. Mazhar Saleem

Audit Committee

Chairman:Mr. Nadeem AbdullahMember:Mr. Shahid AbdullahMember:Mr. Mazhar Saleem

Humon Resourse & Remuneration Committee

Chairman:Mr. Shahid AbdullahMember:Mr. Mazhar SaleemMember:Mr. Mohammad Yamin

Chief Financial Officer : Mr. Jawwad Faisal

Secretary : Mr. Shaukat Mahmud

Auditors : Shinewing Hameed Chaudhri & Co

Chartered Accountants

Tax Consultants : Mushtaq & Company

Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisor : Mr. Saleem Ikram, Advocate

Bankers : Habib Bank Limited

Registered Office : 316, Cotton Exchange Building,

I.I.Chundrigar Road,

Karachi.

Share Registrars : Thk Associates (Pvt) Ltd,

1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S.,

Karachi.

VISION STATEMENT

To be a leading diversified enterprise pursuing value creation for its shareholders and other stakeholders.

MISSION STATEMENT

To create value for our shareholders and other stakeholders, including employees and community, by investing in related parties and new ventures in various avenues / sectors.

We are a talented workforce, committed to reliability and consistency, capturing relevant investment opportunities.

We will continue our tradition of honesty, fairness and integrity in relationship with our associates, shareholders, community at large and other stakeholders.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 8th Annual General Meeting of **SFL LIMITED** will be held at Trading Hall, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi on Tuesday the 24th day of October, 2017 at 05:00 p.m to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To confirm the minutes of the last General Meeting
- 2. Consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and the reports of the directors and auditors.
- 3. Declaration of Dividend.
- 4. Appointment and fixation of remuneration of auditors.
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Karachi.

Dated: 28th September, 2017

Secretary

(SHAUKAT MAHMUD)
Secretary

NOTES

Closure of share transfer books:

Share Transfer Books will remain closed and no transfer of shares will be accepted for registration from 18th October, 2017 to 24th October, 2017 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order, by THK Associates (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S. Karachi up to 17th October, 2017 will be considered in time for the payment of dividend.

2. Participation in the annual general meeting:

A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member/any other person as his/her proxy to attend and vote.

- 3. Duly completed instrument of proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, thereof, must be lodged with the secretary of the company at the company's registered office 316, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 4. Change in address: Any change of address of members should be immediately notified to the company's share registrars, THK Associates (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S. Karachi
- 5. The CDC account holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

A. For attending the meeting:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original computerized national identity card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.

B. For appointing proxies:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form accordingly.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number shall be

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

mentioned on the form.

- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the company.
- 6. In accordance with the notification of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, SRO 831(1)2012 dated July 05, 2012 dividend warrants should bear CNIC number of the registered member or the authorized person, except in case of minor(s) and corporate members. Accordingly, members who have not yet submitted copy of their valid CNIC/NTN (in case of corporate entities) are requested to submit the same to the Company, with members' folio number mentioned thereon for updating record.
- 7. The Companies Act, 2017, which was promulgated on May 30, 2017 through their section 242 requires that in case of a listed company, any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. Through this notice all shareholders of the company are requested to update their bank accounts details in the Central Depository System through respective participants. In case of physical shareholder, please provide bank accounts details to our Share Registrar M/s. THKAssociates (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi.
- 8. Section 244 of the Act requires that any shares that remained unclaimed for a period of three years (or more) as well as any dividend which remained unpaid for period of three years (or more) are to vest with the Federal Government. The law requires the company to deposit any unclaimed or unpaid amount to the credit of the Federal Government, if no claim is made before the company after giving due notices to the shareholders. Through this notice all Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend or shares, are advised to contact our Share Registrar M/s. THK Associates (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi to collect / enquire about their unclaimed divided or pending shares, if any.
- 9. (i) Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2016 effective July 1, 2017, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance have been revised as follows:
 - 1. Rate of tax deduction for filer of income tax return 15%
 - 2. Rate of tax deduction for non-filers of income tax return 20%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 20%, shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered in ATL, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 20% instead of 15%.

(ii) Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), with-holding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint-holder (s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts. In this regard all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar, in writing as follows:

			Principal Share Holder		Joint Holder	
Company Name	Folio / CDS Account #	Total Shares	Name and CNIC #	Share Holding Proportions (No of Shares)	Name and CNIC #	Share Holding Proportions (No of Shares)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The required information must reach our Share Registrar within 10 days of this notice, otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s).

- The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or , THK Associates (Private) Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.
- The Company shall provide video conference facility to its members for attending the Annual General Meeting at 10. places other than the town in which general meeting is taking place, provided that if members, collectively holding 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, provide their consent to participate in the meeting through video conference atleast 10 days prior to date of the meeting, the Company shall arrange video

	conference facility in that ci	ty subject to availability of such facility in that city.	
	In this regard, please fill th holding of the Annual Gene	e following form and submit to registered address of the ral Meeting:	Company 10 days before
"	I/We,of	being a member of SFL Limited, holder of	Ordinary Shares as
	per registered folio#	hereby opt for video conference facility at	."
_	Signature of Member		

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report of your company for the financial year ended, 30th June 2017. The summarized financial results for the year ended 30th June 2017 are as under:

Financial Highlights

Particular	For the Financial Year Ended 30th June 2017 Amount in Rs.	For the Financial Year Ended 30th June 2016 Amount in Rs.	Change in Percentage %
Net Income	40,670,862	41,527,077	-2.06%
Profit Before Taxation	38,721,913	37,114,321	4.33%
Profit After Taxation	32,770,874	31,789,986	3.09%

Review of Operations

During the year under review, the Company has earned dividend income of Rs. 46,415,023 (2016 39,451,901) Gain on sale of investments of Rs. 718,617 (2016 1,591,362) and change in fair value of investment caused Loss of Rs. 6,462,778 (2016 Gain of Rs. 483,814) during the year. The net profit for the year under review has been Rs. 32,770,874 (2016 31,789,986) during the financial year. The Directors are continuously looking for avenues for future growth of the Company.

Dividend

The Board of Directors of the Company is pleased to recommend cash dividend @ 7.5% for the Year Ended 30 June 2017 (2016 10% Dividend)

Earing per Share

The company's earnings per share (EPS) Stands at Rs.1.63 as compared to earnings per share of Rs. 1.58 last year.

Future Outlook

The operating assets of the company comprises of, investments in the shares of associated companies, other listed companies and investments in mutual funds. Your management is keen to maximize profitability and improve operational efficiency of the company to increase shareholder's value

Subsidiary of SFL Limited

SFL Corporation (Private) Limited the 100% subsidiary of the Company has not carried out any operational activity during the year.

Related Party Transactions

The Company has fully complied with the best practices on transfer pricing as contained in the listing regulation of stock exchanges in Pakistan. The transactions with related parties were carried out at arm's length prices determined in accordance with the comparable uncontrolled prices method.

Environment, Health, Safety and Social Actions

The Company maintains working conditions which are safe and without risk to the health of all employees and public at large, the management has maintained safe environment in all its operations throughout the year.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The Board of Directors periodically reviews the Company's strategic direction. Business plans and targets are set by the Chief Executive and reviewed by the Board. The Board is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board has reviewed the Code of Corporate Governance and confirms that:

- 1. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. The company has maintained proper books of accounts.
- **3.** Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- **4.** International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- 5. The system of internal control, which was in place, is being continuously reviewed by the internal audit and other such procedures. The process of review and monitoring will continue with the object to improve it further
- 6. All liabilities in regard to the payment on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges have been fully provided and will be paid in due course or where claim was not acknowledged as debt the same is disclosed as contingent liabilities in the notes to the accounts.
- 7. There is no doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- **8.** There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in listing regulations.
- **9.** The board of directors in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance has established an audit committee; the names of its members are given in the Company's profile.
- **10.** Operating and financial data and key ratios of Six years are annexed.
- 11. No trades, in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Finance Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children:
- 12. During the year five meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Mr. Mohammad Abdullah	=4=
Mr. Shahid Abdullah	=4=
Mr. Nadeem Abdullah	=5=
Mr. Amer Abdullah	=4=
Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	=3=
Mr. Mohammad Yamin	=5=
Mr. Mazhar Saleem	=4=
Mrs Ambreen Amer	=1=

13. During the year four meetings of the Audit Committee were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Mr. Nadeem Abdullah	=3=
Mr. Amer Abdullah	=1=
Mr. Mazhar Saleem	=4=
Mr. Shahid Abdullah	=3=

- 14. During the year one meeting of the HR & R Committee was held and attended by all the members.
- 15. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding of the Company as at 30 June, 2017 is annexed. This statement is prepared in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance and the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

Auditors

The present Auditors, Shinewing Hameed Chaudhri & Company, Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible to offer themselves for re-appointment for the year 2017-2018. Audit Committee and Board of Directors have also recommended their appointment as auditor for the year ending 30 June, 2018.

Acknowledgements

The Management would like to place on record its appreciation for the support of the Board of Directors, Shareholders, regulatory authorities, financial institutions, customers, suppliers' dedication and hard work of the Staff and Workers.

On behalf of the Board

KARACHI Dated: 28 September, 2017 AMER ABDULLAH CHIEF EXECUTIVE

۵) کمپنی نے کوڈ آف کنڈ کٹ ترتیب دیا ہے اور اس بات کویقنی بنانے کے لئے مناسب اقد امات اختیار کئے ہیں کہ کمپنی میں اس کی حکمت عملی اور طریقه کارکوعام کیا جائے۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کار

30 جون 2017ء کو کمپنی کی شیئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کارمنسلک ہذاہے۔ یہ گوشوارہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس اورکیپینز آرڈیننس مجریہ 1984ء کےمطابق تیار کیا گیاہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز

کمپنی کے موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزشائنونگ جمید چوہدری اینڈ کمپنی (چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹینٹس) سبکدوش ہوگئے ہیں اور اہلیت کی بنیاد پر18-2017ء کیلئے دوبارہ تقرری کیلئے اپنی خدمات پیش کی ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمپٹی اور بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرزنے بھی 30 جون 2018ء کوکممل ہونیوالے سال کیلئے ایکے تقرر کی سفارش کی ہے۔

شكرگزاري

مینجنٹ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزریگولیٹری اتھارٹیز شیر ہولڈرز صارفین مالیاتی اداروں سپلائیرز کے تعاون اور عملہ اور ورکرز کی بےلوث خدمات کوسراہتے ہوئے ریکارڈ میں درج کرناچا ہتی ہے۔

بورڈ کی جانب سے

کراچی۔ مورخہ 28 ستبر 2017ء

لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کے مطابق کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے بہترین طریقوں میں کوئی ما دی روانگی (Material Departure) عمل	(1
میں نہیں آئی ہیں۔	

چەسال كافنانشل ڈیٹا' كی آپریٹنگ اور كی ریشوزمنسلک ہذا ہیں۔ (1+

ں ر د ہاریں ہیا۔ سال رواں کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے پانچ (5) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ فی ڈائر یکٹر اجلاس میں شرکت کی تفصیل (11) حسب ذیل ہے:

اجلاس کی تعداد	טח
4	جناب محم <i>ر عبد</i> الله
4	جناب شام <i>ېرعبدا</i> لله
5	جناب نديم عبدالله
4	جناب عام <i>ر عبد</i> الله
3	جنا <i>ب بوسف عبرا</i> لله
5	جنا <i>ب محد</i> يا مين
4	جنابمظهرليم
1	محترمهامبرين عامر

سال رواں کے دوران آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے جار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔فی ممبر شرکت کی تفصیل حسب ذیل ہے: اجلاس کی تعداد جناب نديم عبدالله 3 جناب عامر عبدالله 1 جناب مظهرسليم 4

جناب شامد عبدالله

سال رواں میں افرادی قوت ومشاہیرہ کمیٹی کا ایک(1) اجلاس منعقد ہواجس میں تمام ممبران نے شرکت کی ہے۔ (17)

12

آ ئندە كالائحىل

کمپنی کے آپریٹنگا ثاثے مسلک کمپنیوں میں سرمایہ کاری دیگر درج کمپنی اور باہمی فنڈ زپربنی ہیں ، آپ کی منجمینٹ کمپنی کے منافع اور آپریشنل کارکر دگ کوبہتر بنانے کی کوشش کررہی ہے تا کہ صص یافتگان کی قدر صص میں اضافہ ہوسکے۔

سبسية رى ايس ايف ايل لميشة

الیں ایف ایل کارپوریش کمپنی کی % 100 سبیڈری کی رواں مالی سال میں کوئی آپریشنل سرگرمیاں نہیں ہیں۔

ريلييڈ يارٹی ٹرانسکشنز

سمپنی نے اسٹاک ایکس چینج آف پاکستان کے لسٹنگ ریگولیشن میں درج منتقلی کے اخراجات پرعمدہ عملدرآ مد کے ساتھ تیل کی ہے۔ ریلیٹ یارٹیوں کے ساتھ ٹرانسکشنز بلاکنٹرول قیمتوں کے طریقہ کار کے مقابلہ میں طے شدہ قابل قبول نرخوں پر کئے گئے۔

كار يوريث ماحول صحت اورساجي ذمه داريال

کمپنی نے کام کی صورتحال ایسی رکھی ہے جو تمام ملاز مین اور بڑے پیانہ پرعوام کیلئے محفوظ اور صحت کے خدشہ سے پاک ہے ہماری پوری توجہ تمام پہلوؤں کو بہتر بنانے پر فدکور ہے۔ کمپنی پورے سال آپریشنز کے ماحول کے تحفظ اور ماحولیاتی تحفظ کیلئے تمام مکنہ اقد امات اختیار کیے ہیں۔ کار پوریٹ وفنانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک پر گوشوارہ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کمپنی مقررہ مدت میں کمپنی کی حکمت عملی کا جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ بزنس پلان اور مدوف چیف ایگزیکٹیو طے کرتے ہیں اور بورڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کا جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کا جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کا جائزہ لیااورتصد بق کی ہے کہ:

- ا) مالیاتی گوشوارے کمپنی کی خمنٹ نے تیار کئے ہیں اور بیامور' کارکردگی کے نتائج نقد کے لین دین اورا یکیوٹی میں تبدیلی کے بارے میں شفاف صورتحال پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - ۲) کمپنی نے اکاؤنٹس کی با قاعدہ کتب بنائی ہوئی ہیں۔
 - ۳) مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میںموزوں اکا وُنٹنگ پالیسیاں اختیار کی گئی ہیں اور مالیاتی تخیینے موزوں اور منصفانہ بنیا دوں پر ہیں۔
 - ہ) پاکستان میں نافذالعمل انٹرنیشنل ا کاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈ ز مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بروئے ممل لائے گئے ہیں۔
- ۵) انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام رائج ہےاورانٹرنل آڈٹ جائزہ لیاجا تاہے جس پرموثر طور پرعملدر آمد ہوتا ہے۔ جائزہ نگرانی کامسلسل عمل اس کومزید بہتر بنانے کیلئے ہے۔
 - ۲) تیکس ٔ ڈیوٹیوں ٔ واجبات کی مدمیں ادائیگی کے شمن میں تمام واجب الا دارقوم کممل طور پر فراہم کر دی گئی ہیں اور جلدا داکر دی جائیں گی یا جہاں طلب نہیں کی گئی ہے وہاں کٹوتی کر کے اکا وُنٹس کے نوٹس میں عارضی ادائیکیوں میں ظاہر کر دی گئی ہیں۔
 - کی اہلیت میں کوئی شبہیں۔

ڈائر یکٹرزیورٹ برائے حصص یافتگان

معززممبران!

ڈائر کیٹرز30 جون 2017ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے سالانہ آڈٹ کردہ مالیاتی اٹیٹمنٹ بمعدا پنی رپورٹ نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ پیش کرتے ہیں۔

اس سال كيك مالياتى نتائج درج ذيل مين: مالياتى نتائج:

فيصد ميں تبديلي	اختتام پذیر ہونے والا مالیاتی سال	اختتام پذیر ہونے والا مالیاتی سال	
	2 <u>01</u> 6ن33 و2016	30£ون7 <u>17</u> 0£30	
	پے میں	رقم رو۔	
-2.06%	41,527,077	40,670,862	نقدآ مدنى
4.33%	37,114,321	38,721,913	قبل از ٹیکس منافع
3.09%	31,789,986	32,770,874	بعداز فيكس منافع

کارکردگی:

زیرنظرسال کے دوران کمپنی کی ڈیویڈنڈ کی مدمیں آمدنی 46,415,023ء جبکہ گزشتہ سال (2016 میں 39,451,901) تھی سرمایہ کاری کی فروخت میں منافع 718,617 ما جبکہ بیگزشتہ سال (2016 میں 2016 میں 2016) تھا اور سرمایہ کاری کی مناسب قدر میں تبدیلی کی وجہ سے نقصان 6,462,778 ہوا جبکہ بیگزشتہ سال (2016 میں 483,814 کھی کی مستقبل میں ترقی اور کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کیلئے مسلسل راہیں تلاش کررہے بیگزشتہ سال (2016 میں 31,789,986) تھا۔ ڈائز کیٹر کمپنی کی مستقبل میں ترقی اور کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کیلئے مسلسل راہیں تلاش کررہے میں

منافعمنقسمه

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 30 جون 2017ء کو کمل ہونے والے سال کیلئے 7.5 فیصد حصص نقد منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش کی ہے، (2016 میں یہ 10 فیصد) تھا۔

في حصص آمدني

سميني كي في حصص آمدني 1.63 ربي -جبكه گزشته سال كي آمدني 1.58 روپيقى ـ

14

SIX YEARS' KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

(Rupees in Million)

Except as indicated

YEARS		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
TEARS		2017	2016	2013	2014	2013	2012
Total Revenue		40.67	41.53	113.52	73.16	18.71	12.26
operating & Administrative exp	enses	1.95	4.41	1.19	1.04	1.29	0.82
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		38.72	37.11	112.33	72.18	17.42	11.43
Profit / (Loss) After Tax		32.77	31.78	101.17	65.13	15.55	10.22
Share Capital		200.91	200.91	200.91	200.91	200.91	200.91
shareholder's Equity		530.69	518.01	536.45	435.3	390.2	374.69
Total Assets		531.62	520.17	539.96	435.64	391.06	374.80
Current Ássets		54.46	28.21	48.00	69.35	24.77	8.55
Current Liabilities		0.93	2.16	3.50	0.36	0.82	0.11
Dividend- Cash	%	7.5	10	25	-	10	-
Dividend- Stock	%	-	-	-	-	-	2
Ratios:							
Return to Sharehoders							
R.O.E- Before Tax	%	7.30	5.40	20.94	16.59	4.46	3.05
R.O.E- After Tax	%	6.18	5.03	18.86	14.96	3.98	2.73
Basic E.P.S- After Tax	Rs.	1.63	1.58	5.04	3.24	0.77	0.51
Current Ratio		58.40	13.07	13.69	193.73	30.06	78.73
Break up value per share	Rs.	26.41	25.78	26.70	21.66	19.42	18.65

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Name of Company **SFL LIMITED** year ended June 30, 2017.

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the CCG) contained in Regulation No.5.19.24 of the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board of directors. At present the board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Mazhar Saleem
Executive Directors	Mr. Amer Abdullah
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Nadeem Abdullah
	Mr. Shahid Abdullah
	Mr. Yousuf Abdullah
	Mr. Mohammad Yamin
	Mrs. Ambareen Amer

The independent director meets the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1 (b) of the CCG.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or a NBFI or, being a Broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year election of Directors was held and all the retiring Directors were elected as Director of the Company. A casual vacancy occurring on the board on 20-04-2017 was filled up by the directors on same day.
- 5. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- **6.** The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the power of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board/shareholders.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and board met at least once in every quarter. Written notice of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. In accordance with the criteria specified on clause 5.19.7 of the CCG, Majority of the Directors of the Company are exempted from the requirement of directors' training program as prescribed by the Code of Corporate Governance and one of them has obtained certificate of Directors' Training Program. One of the Directors to be trained within specified time. All the Directors are fully conversant with their duties and responsibilities, they were further apprised through orientation courses during the year.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- **10.** The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit earlier, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- **12.** The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- **15.** The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and one is independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors, one is independent director and the chairman of the committee is a non-executive director.
- **18.** The Board has set up an effective Internal Audit Function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The closed period prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- **22.** Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 23. The company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board

Karachi

Dated: 28th September, 2017

AMERABDULLAH CHIEF EXECUTIVE

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of SFL Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the Code contained in Regulation No.5.19 of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30. 2017.

KARACHI;

Dated: September 28, 2017

SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner:
Raheel Ahmed

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **SFL Limited** as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980,) was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

KARACHI:

Dated: September 28, 2017

SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Engagement Partner:

Raheel Ahmed

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
ASSETS	Note	Rupees	Nupees
Non current assets			
Investment property	4	73,313,292	88,103,000
Long term investments	5	403,816,351	403,816,351
Long term deposit		37,500	37,500
		477,167,143	491,956,851
Current assets			
Short term investments	6	42,537,024	25,146,310
Dividend receivable		362,259	-
Taxation - net		955	486
Bank balances - current accounts		11,556,785	3,066,856
		54,457,023	28,213,652
Total assets		531,624,166	520,170,503
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	7	200,914,500	200,914,500
Reserve arisen upon de-merger		165,340,500	165,340,500
Unappropriated profit		164,436,654	151,757,230
Total equity		530,691,654	518,012,230
Current liabilities			
Accrued and other liabilities	8	932,512	2,158,273
Contingencies and commitments	9		
Total equity and liabilities		531,624,166	520,170,503

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Revenue			
Dividend income	10	46,415,023	39,451,901
Gain on sale of investments		718,617	1,591,362
Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss		(6,462,778)	483,814
		40,670,862	41,527,077
Administrative expenses	11	1,948,949	4,412,756
Profit before taxation	·	38,721,913	37,114,321
Taxation	12	5,951,039	5,324,335
Profit after taxation		32,770,874	31,789,986
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	13	1.63	1.58

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

 Profit after taxation
 32,770,874
 31,789,986

 Other comprehensive income

 Total comprehensive income
 32,770,874
 31,789,986

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

CASH FLOW STATEMENTFOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Tupooo	rapooo
Profit before taxation	38,721,913	37,114,321
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Dividend income	(46,415,023)	(39,451,901)
Gain on sale of investments	(718,617)	(1,591,362)
Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss	6,462,778	(483,814)
	(40,670,862)	(41,527,077)
Operating loss before working capital changes	(1,948,949)	(4,412,756)
Working capital changes		
(Decrease) / increase in accrued and other liabilities	(1,309,932)	1,461,607
Cash used in operations	(3,258,881)	(2,951,149)
Taxes paid	(5,951,508)	(8,423,832)
Net cash used in operating activities	(9,210,389)	(11,374,981)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Short term investments acquired	(46,598,602)	(43,966,545)
Short term investments redeemed	23,463,727	60,735,276
Advance return for capital work-in-progress	14,789,708	-
Dividend received	46,052,764	39,451,901
Net cash generated from investing activities	37,707,597	56,220,632
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend paid	(20,007,279)	(49,939,434)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,489,929	(5,093,783)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	3,066,856	8,160,639
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	11,556,785	3,066,856

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Share capital	Reserve arisen upon de-merger	Unappro- priated profit	Total
		Rup	ees	
Balance as at July 1, 2015	200,914,500	165,340,500	170,195,869	536,450,869
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity				
Cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 at the rate of Rs.2.50 per share	_	_	(50,228,625)	(50,228,625)
Total comprehensive income for the year			(00,220,020)	(00,220,020)
Profit after taxation	-	-	31,789,986	31,789,986
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
	-		31,789,986	31,789,986
Balance as at June 30, 2016	200,914,500	165,340,500	151,757,230	518,012,230
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity				
Cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 at the rate of Re.1.00 per share	-	-	(20,091,450)	(20,091,450)
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Profit after taxation	-	-	32,770,874	32,770,874
Other comprehensive income	-			-
	-	-	32,770,874	32,770,874
Balance as at June 30, 2017	200,914,500	165,340,500	164,436,654	530,691,654

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

SFL Limited (the Company) was incorporated as public limited company on April 26, 2010 and its shares has been listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at 316 - Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. The main business of the Company is to invest in the shares of Associated Companies and other business as per the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Companies Act, 2017 has been promulgated with effect from May 31, 2017, however the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its Circular # 17 of 2017 dated July 20, 2017, has directed the companies whose financial year ends on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments in mutual funds and listed companies securities which are carried at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee except stated otherwise.

2.4 Changes in accounting standards

- **2.4.1** Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards effective in current year. New and amended standards mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning July 1, 2016:
- Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' on the disclosure initiative are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. The amendments are made in the context of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative, which explores how financial statement disclosures can be improved. The amendments provide clarifications on a number of issues, including: Materiality an entity should not aggregate or disaggregate information in a manner that obscures useful information. Where items are material, sufficient information must be provided to explain the impact on the financial position or performance. Notes confirmation that the notes do not need to be presented in a particular order. Other comprehensive income (OCI) arising from investments accounted for under the equity method the share of OCI arising from equity-accounted investments is grouped based on whether the items will or will not subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss. According to the transitional provisions, the disclosures in IAS 8 regarding the adoption of new standards / accounting policies are not required for these amendments.
- (b) IAS 27 (Amendments), 'Separate financial statements' are applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. These provide the option to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.
- (c) Amendments to IAS 38 'Intangible assets' and IAS 16 'Property, plant and equipment' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016 introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based

amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-base methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that use of revenue-based amortization methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible assets are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The Company's policy is already in line with these amendments.

The other new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2016 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and operations.

2.4.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2016 and have not been early adopted by the Company:

- (a) IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. IASB has published the complete version of IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', which replaces the guidance in IAS 39. This final version includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. The Company has yet to assess the impact of these changes on its financial statements.
- (b) IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The IASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach entities will recognise transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of initial application, i.e. without restating the comparative period. They will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. The Company has yet to assess the impact of this standard on its financial statements.
- (c) Amendments to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The amendment requires disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes. The amendments are not likely to have material impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (d) Amendment to IAS 40 'Investment Property' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The amendment clarifies that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when and only when there is an actual change in use i.e. an asset meets, or ceases to meet the definition of investment property and there is evidence of change in use. A change in management intension alone does not support a transfer. The amendments does not expect to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

There are number of other standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and therefore, have not been presented here.

2.5 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates

are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgement was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- fair value of investments: and
- provision for taxation.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set-out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

3.1 Investment property

Investment property is held for long term rental yields / capital appreciation. Investment property of the Company comprises of freehold land and is valued using the cost model. Cost of investment property consists of historical cost and other directly attributable cost.

3.2 Investments

Investments of the Company are classified into the following categories:

(a) Investments in Subsidiary and Associated Companies

Investments in Subsidiary and Associates are carried at cost less impairment, if any. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense. At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of investments and its recoverability to determine whether there is an indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the carrying amount of the investments is adjusted to the extent of impairment loss which is recognised as an expense in profit and loss account.

(b) Held-to-maturity

Investments with fixed maturity, where the management has both the intent and the ability to hold the investments to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, these investments are measured at amortised cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition by using the effective interest rate method.

(c) At fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or the investments that are part of a portfolio of financial instruments exhibiting short term profit taking are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss. All transaction costs are recognised directly in profit and loss account. These are stated at fair value with any resulting gains or losses recognised directly in the profit and loss account.

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of bank balances.

3.4 Equity instruments

These are recorded at their face value.

3.5 Accrued and other liabilities

These are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for services.

3.6 Taxation - current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

3.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.8 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognised when the Company loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in the case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the profit and loss account for the year.

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet includes long term deposit, short term investments, bank balances and accrued & other liabilities. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

3.9 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counter party.

3.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable on the following basis:

- dividend income from investments is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established; and
- return on investments is recognised on 'accrual basis'.

3.11 Earnings per share

The Company present basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average numbers of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

4.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Freehold land - cost	4.1	73,313,292	73,313,292
	Capital work-in-progress		-	14,789,708
			73,313,292	88,103,000

4.1 The Company during the year ended June 30, 2015 acquired land measuring 54 Kanals and 1 Marla, situated at Lahore Cantt, District Lahore.

In the opinion of the directors, the market value of investment property at the reporting date has not changed materially since its acquisition date.

5.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Subsidiary Company - at cost			
	SFL Corporation (Private) Limited			
	1,000 (2016: 1,000) ordinary shares of			
	Rs.100 each - cost		100,000	100,000
	Equity held: 100% (2016: 100%)			
	Associated Companies - at cost	5.1	403,716,351	403,716,351
			403,816,351	403,816,351

5.1 Associated Companies

_				
"	н	റ	TΩ	\sim

Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited 25,809,000 (2016: 25,809,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 258,090,000 258,090,000 Equity held: 28.05% (2016: 28.05%) Break-up value per share Rs.46.89 (2016: Rs.43.56) Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited 7,000,000 (2016: 7,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 70,000,000 70,000,000 Equity held: 6.67% (2016: 6.67%) Break-up value per share Rs.9.71 (2016: Rs.9.81) Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited 4,569,000 (2016: 4,569,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 33,368,238 33,368,238 Equity held: 30.69% (2016: 30.69%) Break-up value per share Rs.260.26 (2016: Rs.255.33) Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited 336,000 (2016: 336,000) ordinary shares 549,305 549,305 of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 8.40% (2016: 8.40%) Break-up value per share Rs.320.26 (2016: Rs.264.74) Amer Tex (Private) Limited 790,428 (2016: 790,428) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 4,147,457 4,147,457 Equity held: 14.41% (2016: 14.41%) Break-up value per share Rs.155.08 (2016: Rs.167.24) 403,716,351 403,716,351 403,716,351	Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited 557,621 (2016: 557,621) ordinary shares of Rs.67.21 each - cost Equity held: 5.42% (2016: 5.42%) Market value: Rs.131.94 (2016: Rs.82.20) per share	37,561,351	37,561,351
25,809,000 (2016: 25,809,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost	Unquoted		
7,000,000 (2016: 7,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 70,000,000 Equity held: 6.67% (2016: 6.67%) Break-up value per share Rs.9.71 (2016: Rs.9.81) Diamond Fabrics Limited 4,569,000 (2016: 4,569,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost 33,368,238 Equity held: 30.69% (2016: 30.69%) Break-up value per share Rs.260.26 (2016: Rs.255.33) Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited 336,000 (2016: 336,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 8.40% (2016: 8.40%) Break-up value per share Rs.320.26 (2016: Rs.264.74) Amer Tex (Private) Limited 790,428 (2016: 790,428) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 14.41% (2016: 14.41%) Break-up value per share Rs.155.08 (2016: Rs.167.24)	25,809,000 (2016: 25,809,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 28.05% (2016: 28.05%)	258,090,000	258,090,000
4,569,000 (2016: 4,569,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 30.69% (2016: 30.69%) Break-up value per share Rs.260.26 (2016: Rs.255.33) Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited 336,000 (2016: 336,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 8.40% (2016: 8.40%) Break-up value per share Rs.320.26 (2016: Rs.264.74) Amer Tex (Private) Limited 790,428 (2016: 790,428) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 14.41% (2016: 14.41%) Break-up value per share Rs.155.08 (2016: Rs.167.24)	7,000,000 (2016: 7,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 6.67% (2016: 6.67%)	70,000,000	70,000,000
336,000 (2016: 336,000) ordinary shares	4,569,000 (2016: 4,569,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 30.69% (2016: 30.69%)	33,368,238	33,368,238
790,428 (2016: 790,428) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 14.41% (2016: 14.41%) Break-up value per share Rs.155.08 (2016: Rs.167.24)	336,000 (2016: 336,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 8.40% (2016: 8.40%)	549,305	549,305
	790,428 (2016: 790,428) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost Equity held: 14.41% (2016: 14.41%)	4,147,457	4,147,457
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	403,716,351	403,716,351

- **5.1.1** The above mentioned break-up values are based on latest available un-audited financial statements.
- **5.1.2** All of the investee companies are Associates by virtue of common directorship.

200,914,500 200,914,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

6. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

20,091,450 20,091,450

- at fair value through profit or loss

	- at iali vai	de tillough profit of i	1055		
	2017	2016		2017	2016
	- (Number o	of units / shares) -		Rupees	Rupees
			Mutual funds		
	41,401	.01 -	MCB Pakistan Stock Market		
			Fund	4,243,674	-
		- 197,114.3474	HBL Income Fund	-	20,912,610
			Listed companies		
		50,000	Altern Energy Limited	-	1,832,500
	240,0		Aisha Steel Mills Limited	4,881,600	-
	61,5	500 -	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	817,950	-
	30,0		Engro Corporation Limited	9,777,300	-
	200,0		Engro Fertilizers Limited	11,048,000	-
	35,0		Habib Bank Limited	9,419,900	-
	20,0	20,000	The Hub Power Company		
			Limited	2,348,600	2,401,200
				42,537,024	25,146,310
7.	SHARE CAF	PITAL			
	2017	2016			
	Number o	of shares Auth	norised capital		
	20,200,000	20,200,000 Ordi	nary shares of Rs.10 each	202,000,000	202,000,000
			ed, subscribed and id-up capital		
	10,000		nary shares of Rs.10 each, ly paid in cash	100,000	100,000
	19,687,500	iss	nary shares of Rs.10 each, sued in pursuant to the scheme arrangements for de-merger	196,875,000	196,875,000
	393,950		nary shares of Rs.10 each, ued as fully paid bonus shares	3,939,500	3,939,500

7.1	Ordinary shares of the Company held by the	2017	2016
	related parties as at June 30,	Number of	shares
	Sapphire Fibres Limited	10,199	10,199
	Sapphire Textile Mills Limited	147	147
	Neelum Textile Mills (Private) Limited	2,812,130	2,812,130
	Sapphire Agencies (Private) Limited	602,863	602,863
	Crystal Enterprises (Private) Limited	5,518	5,518
	Sapphire Power Generation Limited	64,534	64,534
	Salman Ismail (SMC-Pvt.) Limited	21,514	21,514
	Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	401,570	401,570
	Sapphire Holding Limited	3,001,087	3,001,087
	Amer Tex (Private) Limited	2,489,946	2,489,946
		9,409,508	9,409,508
8.	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES	2017	2016
		Rupees	Rupees
	Accrued liabilities	227,075	1,537,007
	Audit fee	265,375	265,375
	Unclaimed dividend	440,062	355,891
		932,512	2,158,273

8.1 During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Government of Sindh promulgated Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (the Act) thereby repealing the Workers Welfare Ordinance, 1971 (the Ordinance) in its application to the province of Sindh. As per the Act, every industrial establishment located in province of Sindh whose total income for any year of account commencing on or after December 31, 2013, is not less than Rs.500 is required to pay a sum equal to 2% of total income to the Sindh Revenue Board. However, the management is of the view that the Company does not classify as an "industrial establishment" as define under clause 2(g) of the Act and accordingly is not liable for workers' welfare fund under the Act. Accordingly, no charge for current and prior years, in respect of workers' welfare fund, has been recognised in the financial statements.

9. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There was no known contingency and commitment as at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

10. DIVIDEND INCOME 2017	2016
Note Rupees Dividend received from:	Rupees
Associated Companies	
- Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited 33,551,7	30 ,970,800
- Amer Tex (Private) Limited 8,694,7	
- Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited 2,788,1	
Others	2,700,100
- Listed Companies 966,5	00 160,000
- Mutual Fund 414,0	•
46,415,0	
11. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	
Legal and professional charges 382,5	84 3,015,300
Directors' fee 40,0	50,000
Fee and subscription 665,3	41 509,038
Professional tax 100,0	100,000
Printing and stationery 137,8	71 119,187
Auditors' remuneration 11.1 265,3	75 265,375
Advertisement 69,2	25 47,100
CDC annual fee 160,0	100,000
Stamp duty and postage 33,4	33 32,568
Bank charges 5,4	80 1,607
Provincial sales taxes 60,0	150,830
Others 29,6	34 21,751
1,948,9	4,412,756
11.1 Auditors' remuneration	
Fee for:	
Annual audit 165,3	75 165,375
Half yearly review 65,0	00 65,000
Review of Code of Corporate Governance 35,0	35,000
265,3	

12. TAXATION

Current year **5,951,039** 5,324,335

- 12.1 No numeric tax rate reconciliation for the year is given in these financial statements, as provision made for the current year mainly represents tax charged under section 5 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance).
- 12.2 Income tax assessments of the Company have been completed upto the Tax Year 2016; the return for the said year has not been taken-up for audit till June 30, 2017.
- 12.3 Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 imposes tax at the rate of 7.5% on every public company other than a scheduled bank or modaraba, that derives profits for a tax year but does not distribute 40% of profit either through cash dividend or issuance of bonus shares within six months of the end of said tax year.

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 28, 2017 has distributed sufficient cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 (refer note 18) which complies with the above-stated requirements. Accordingly, no provision for tax on profits has been recognised in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Net profit for the year	32,770,874	31,789,986
	Number of sl	nares
Weighted average ordinary shares		
in issue during the year	20,091,450	20,091,450
	Rupees	
Basic earnings per share	1.63	1.58

13.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

14.1 Financial risk factors

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk; - Liquidity risk; and - Market risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's overall risk management program focuses on having cost effective funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted. Credit risk mainly arises from long term deposit, short term investments and deposits with banks.

The credit risk on liquid funds maintained with banks and investments in mutual fund and listed companies securities is limited as such banks, funds and companies enjoy reasonably high credit rating. Accordingly, management does not expect any counter party to fail in meeting their obligations.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Long term deposit	37,500	37,500
Short term investments	42,537,024	25,146,310
Dividend receivable	362,259	-
Bank balances	11,556,785	3,066,856
	54,493,568	28,250,666

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as all obligations of the Company are short term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity. As at reporting date, accrued and other liabilities are the only financial liability of the Company that are due within next twelve months.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk mainly arises where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk as it does not have any foreign currency receivables or payables.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

As the Company has no significant interest bearing assets and liabilities the Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from foreign exchange risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors effecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company's investments in mutual fund and listed securities amounting to Rs.42,537,024 (2016: Rs.25,146,310) are exposed to price risk due to changes in fair value of such funds and listed companies.

A change of 1% in fair value of mutual funds and market value of shares at the reporting date would have

increased / (decreased) profit before taxation for the year and investments by the amounts shown below.

	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Effect on profit before taxation	425,370	251,463
Effect on investments	425,370	251,463

14.2 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1].
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) [Level 2].
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) [Level 3].

The following table presents the Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

	June 30, 2017				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets - Recurring fair value measurement		Rup	ees		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Short term investments	42,537,024			42,537,024	
		June 3	0, 2016		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets - Recurring fair value measurement		Rup	ees		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Short term investments	25,146,310		_	25,146,310	

There were no transfers amongst the levels during the current and preceding year. The Company's policy is to recognise transfer into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting periods.

Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

There were no other material Level 1, 2 or 3 assets or liabilities during the current and preceding year.

14.3 Capital risk management

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to the ordinary shareholders.

The capital structure of the Company is equity based with no financing through long term or short term borrowings at the reporting date.

There was no change in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

There are no significant transactions with related parties during the current year except for dividend income aggregating Rs.45,034,513 (2016: Rs.39,291,901) received from Associated Companies and meeting fees amounting Rs.40,000 (2016: Rs.50,000) paid to a non-executive director.

16. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No remuneration has been paid or is payable by the Company on account of remuneration of Chief executive officer, directors and executives for the year except for meeting fee paid to a non executive director.

17. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total and average number of employees as at year end was 4 (2016: 4).

18. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on September 28, 2017, has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 0.75(2016: Re.1.00) per share amounting to Rs. 15,068,588 (2016: Rs.20,091,450) for the year ended June 30, 2017. This appropriation will be approved by the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on October 24, 2017. These financial statements do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

19. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 28, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Chief Executive Director

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NUMBER			TOTAL
OF SHARE	FROM	ТО	SHARES
HOLDERS			HELD
379	1	100	3,572
146	101	500	31,881
123	501	1,000	77,908
82	1,001	5,000	146,511
13	5,001	10,000	89,899
3	10,001	15,000	35,760
3	20,001	25,000	66,955
3	30,001	35,000	95,382
1	35,001	40,000	37,179
1	40,001	45,000	42,233
1	60,001	65,000	64,534
2	70,001	75,000	147,359
1	85,001	90,000	89,791
1	130,001	135,000	133,138
1	165,001	170,000	168,697
1	170,001	175,000	174,993
1	225,001	230,000	229,500
1	230,001	235,000	232,379
1	305,001	310,000	306,955
1	375,001	380,000	375,009
1	395,001	400,000	400,000
1	510,001	515,000	511,107
1	600,001	605,000	602,863
1	615,001	620,000	619,546
1	1,025,001	1,030,000	1,026,817
1	1,145,001	1,150,000	1,147,615
1	1,215,001	1,220,000	1,215,174
1	1,235,001	1,240,000	1,237,134
1	1,350,001	1,355,000	1,350,276
1	1,355,001	1,360,000	1,355,029
1	1,570,001	1,575,000	1,574,996
1	1,690,001	1,695,000	1,694,207
1	1,805,001	1,810,000	1,805,964
1	3,000,001	3,005,000	3,001,087
779		Total : -	20,091,450

Annual Report 2017

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS As AT JUNE 30, 2017

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
Director, CEO, spouses and Minor Children	8,187,519	40.75
Associated Companies, undertakings, related parties	9,468,508	47.13
Banks, DFI & NBFI	18,479	0.09
Insurance Companies	4,764	0.02
Modaraba & Mutual Funds	114	0.00
General Public (Local)	2,405,299	11.97
General Public (Foreign)	4,242	0.02
Other Companies	2,525	0.01
	20,091,450	100.00

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

A)	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES	
	Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	401570
	Neelum Textile Mills (Private) Limited.	2812130
	Sapphire Power Generation Limited	64534
	Sapphire Holding Limited.	3001087
	Amer Tex (Pvt.) Limited	2548946
	Crystal Enterprises (Private) Limited	5518
	Salman Ismail (SMC-Private) Limited	21514
	Sapphire Textile Mills Limited	147
	Sapphire Agencies (Private) Limited	602863
B)	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, THEIR SPOUSES	
	AND MINOR CHILDREN	
	DIRECTORS & THEIR SPOUSES	
	Mr.Shahid Abdullah	406708
	Mrs.Shireen Shahid	1587408
	Mr.Nadeem Abdullah	534057
	Mr.Yousuf Abddullah	2380957
	Mrs.Noshaba Nadeem	1353948
	Mrs.Ambareen Amer	1221398
	Mr.Muhammad Yamin	717
	Mr. Mazhar Saleem	500
	Mrs. Usma Yousuf	42233
	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER & THEIR SPOUSES	
	Mr.Amer Abdullah	659593
C)	BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, NON	
	BANKING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE	
	COMPANIES, MODARABAS & MUTUAL FUNDS	
	BANKS, DFI & NBFI	
	National Bank of Pakistan	15419
	Faysal Bank Limited	3060
	INSURANCE COMPANY	
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	4764
	MODARABAS & MUTUAL FUNDS	
	Modaraba-Al-Mali	114

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

D) SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE

Neelum Textile Mills Limited.	2812130
Sapphire Holding Limited	3001087
Amer Tex (Pvt.) Limited	2489946
Mrs.Shamshad Begum	1902641
Mr.Yousuf Abddullah	2380957
Mrs.Noshaba Nadeem	1353948
Mrs.Ambareen Amer	1221398
Mrs.Shireen Shahid	1587408

E) TRADING IN THE SHARES OF COMPANY DURING THE YEAR BY THE DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, COMPANY SECRETARY AND THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN.

Nil

SFL LIMITEDConsolidated Accounts

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of the Holding Company of SFL Corporation (Private) Limited are pleased to place before you the Director's report together with the Audited consolidated financial statements of SFL Limited and its subsidiary SFL Corporation (Private) Limited for the Year Ended 30 June 2017.

SFL Corporation (Private) Limited was incorporated for purpose given in the object clause of the Memorandum of Association which includes purchase and holding shares in other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company. The company has not carried out any operational activity since its incorporation.

On behalf of the Board

KARACHI
Dated: 28 September, 2017

AMER ABDULLAH
CHIEF EXECUTIVE

ڈائر یکٹرزیورٹ برائے حصص یافتگان

الیں ایف ایل کاور پوریش (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹڈ کی ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹران نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ الیں ایف ایل لمیٹڈ اوراس کے ماتحت ادارے ایس ایف ایل کار پوریش (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ کی 30 جون 2017ء کواختتا میزیر ہونے والی آڈٹ شدہ کیجا مالیاتی تفصیلات آپ کے سامنے پیش کررہے ہیں۔

الیں ایف ایل کار پوریشن (پرائیویٹ) لیٹ کا وجود اس مقصد کے تحت ہوا ہے جواس کی ایبوسی ایشن کی یا دداشت میں دیئے گئے ہیں جن میں ایس الف ایس الیا کار پوریشن (پرائیویٹ) لیٹ کا وجود اس مقصد کم وہیش اس کمپنی جیسا ہے۔ کمپنی نے اپنے قائم ہونے کے بعد سے آج تک کوئی سرگرمی انجام نہیں دی ہے۔

بورڈ کی جانب سے

عامر عبدالله چف ایگزیکٹیو

کراچی تاریخ:28ستمبر<u>201</u>7ء

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated balance sheet of SFL Limited (SFLL) and its subsidiary company, SFL Corporation (Private) Limited as at June 30, 2017 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed separate opinion on the financial statements of SFLL. The financial statements of the subsidiary company was audited by another firm of auditors, whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts included for such company, is based solely on the report of such other auditor. These financial statements are the responsibility of SFLL's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of SFLL and its subsidiary company as at June 30, 2017 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

KARACHI

Dated: September 28,2017

SHINEWING HAMEED CHAUDHRI & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Engagement Partner: Raheel Ahmed

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

,	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
ASSETS	vote	Napoco	Паросо
Non current assets			
Investment property	4	73,313,292	88,103,000
Long term investments	5	2,814,127,751	2,861,974,744
Long term deposit		37,500	37,500
	•	2,887,478,543	2,950,115,244
Current assets	ı		
Short term investments	6	42,537,024	25,146,310
Dividend receivable		362,259	-
Taxation - net		955	486
Cash and bank balances	7	11,620,215	3,141,336
		54,520,453	28,288,132
Total assets		2,941,998,996	2,978,403,376
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	8	200,914,500	200,914,500
Reserves		231,258,780	199,935,021
Unappropriated profit		2,498,866,918	2,566,684,682
Total equity		2,931,040,198	2,967,534,203
Liabilities			
Non current liabilities			
Deferred taxation		9,901,286	8,600,900
Current liabilities			
Accrued and other liabilities	9	1,057,512	2,268,273
Total liabilities		10,958,798	10,869,173
Contingencies and commitments	10		
Total equity and liabilities		2,941,998,996	2,978,403,376

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Revenue			
Dividend income		1,380,510	160,000
Gain on sale of investments		718,617	1,591,362
Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss	_	(6,462,778)	483,814
		(4,363,651)	2,235,176
Administrative expenses	11	1,974,999	4,440,876
	•	(6,338,650)	(2,205,700)
Share of profit of Associated Companies	_	35,808,266	110,740,510
Profit before taxation		29,469,616	108,534,810
Taxation	12	7,251,425	7,291,107
Profit after taxation	=	22,218,191	101,243,703
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	13	1.11	5.04

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Profit after taxation	22,218,191	101,243,703
Other comprehensive income		
Share of unrealized gain on available for sale investments of Associated Companies	31,802,479	12,804,641
Share of unrealized (loss) / gain on hedging instruments of Associated Companies	(478,720)	1,139,908
Share of loss arisen upon re-measurement of retirement benefit obligation of Associated Companies	(2,817,303)	(2,856,449)
	28,506,456	11,088,100
Total comprehensive income	50,724,647	112,331,803

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTFOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Nupccs	Таросо
Profit before taxation	29,469,616	108,534,810
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Dividend income	(1,380,510)	(160,000)
Gain on sale of investments	(718,617)	(1,591,362)
Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss	6,462,778	(483,814)
Share of profit of Associated Companies	(35,808,266)	(110,740,510)
	(31,444,615)	(112,975,686)
Operating loss before working capital changes	(1,974,999)	(4,440,876)
Working capital changes		
(Decrease) / increase in accrued and other liabilities	(1,294,932)	1,476,607
Cash used in operations	(3,269,931)	(2,964,269)
Taxes paid	(5,951,508)	(8,423,832)
Net cash used in operating activities	(9,221,439)	(11,388,101)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Short term investments acquired	(46,598,602)	(43,966,545)
Short term investments redeemed	23,463,727	60,735,276
Advance return for capital work-in-progress	14,789,708	-
Dividend received	46,052,764	39,451,901
Net cash generated from investing activities	37,707,597	56,220,632
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividend paid	(20,007,279)	(49,939,434)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,478,879	(5,106,903)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	3,141,336	8,248,239
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	11,620,215	3,141,336

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Reserves					
	Share capital	Reserve arisen upon de-merger	Share of unrealised gain on available for sale investments of Associated Companies	Share of unrealised gain / (loss) on hedging instruments of Associated Companies	Sub- total	Unappro- priated profit	Total
				Rupees			
Balance as at July 1, 2015	200,914,500	165,340,500	20,287,341	362,631	185,990,472	2,523,263,081	2,910,168,053
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							
Cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 at the rate of Rs.2.50 per share	-	-	-	-	-	(50,228,625)	(50,228,625)
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit after taxation	-	-	-	-	-	101,243,703	101,243,703
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	12,804,641	1,139,908	13,944,549	(2,856,449)	11,088,100
	-	-	12,804,641	1,139,908	13,944,549	98,387,254	112,331,803
Effect of items directly credited in equity by the Associated Companies	<u> </u>	-			-	(4,737,028)	(4,737,028)
Balance as at June 30, 2016	200,914,500	165,340,500	33,091,982	1,502,539	199,935,021	2,566,684,682	2,967,534,203
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							
Cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 at the rate of Re.1.00 per share	-	-	-	_	_	(20,091,450)	(20,091,450)
Total comprehensive income for the year						,	
Profit after taxation	-	-	-	-	-	22,218,191	22,218,191
Other comprehensive income / (loss)		-	31,802,479	(478,720)	31,323,759	(2,817,303)	28,506,456
	-	-	31,802,479	(478,720)	31,323,759	19,400,888	50,724,647
Effect of items directly credited in equity by the Associated Companies	_	-	-	-	-	(67,127,202)	(67,127,202)
Balance as at June 30, 2017	200,914,500	165,340,500	64,894,461	1,023,819	231,258,780	2,498,866,918	2,931,040,198
•	:						

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive

1. THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 The Group comprises of SFL Limited (the Holding Company) and its wholly owned Subsidiary Company SFL Corporation (Private) Limited.
- 1.2 SFL Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated as public limited company on April 26, 2010 and its shares has been listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Holding Company is located at 316 Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. The main business of the Holding Company is to invest in the shares of Associated Companies and other business as per the Memorandum of Association of the Holding Company.
- 1.3 SFL Corporation (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated as private limited company in Pakistan on October 4, 2011 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The address of its registered office is 307, Cotton Exchange Building, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. The main business of the Subsidiary Company is to invest in the shares and other business activities as per Memorandum of Association.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Companies Act, 2017 has been promulgated with effect from May 31, 2017, however the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its Circular # 17 of 2017 dated July 20, 2017, has directed that the companies whose financial year ends on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions of and directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company. The Holding Company's direct interest in the Subsidiary Company is 100% as at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Further, the Group also considers whether:

- $\hbox{-it\,has\,power\,to\,direct\,the\,relevant\,activities\,of\,the\,Subsidiary;}\\$
- is exposed to variable returns from the Subsidiary; and
- $\hbox{-} decision \, making \, power \, allows \, the \, Group \, to \, affects \, its \, variable \, returns \, from \, the \, Subsidiary.$

Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and is derecognized from the date the control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses (unrealized) are also eliminated.

2.3 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments in mutual funds and listed companies securities which are carried at fair value.

2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is also the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest Rupee except stated otherwise.

- 2.5 New and amended accounting standards
- 2.5.1 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards effective in current year

New and amended standards mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning July 1, 2016:

- Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' on the disclosure initiative are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. The amendments are made in the context of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative, which explores how financial statement disclosures can be improved. The amendments provide clarifications on a number of issues, including: Materiality an entity should not aggregate or disaggregate information in a manner that obscures useful information. Where items are material, sufficient information must be provided to explain the impact on the financial position or performance. Notes confirmation that the notes do not need to be presented in a particular order. Other comprehensive income (OCI) arising from investments accounted for under the equity method the share of OCI arising from equity-accounted investments is grouped based on whether the items will or will not subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss. According to the transitional provisions, the disclosures in IAS 8 regarding the adoption of new standards / accounting policies are not required for these amendments.
- (b) IAS 27 (Amendments), 'Separate financial statements' are applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. These provide the option to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.
- (c) Amendments to IAS 38 'Intangible assets' and IAS 16 'Property, plant and equipment' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016 introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-base methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that use of revenue-based amortization methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible assets are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The Group's policy is already in line with these amendments.
- (d) Amendment to IAS 19 'Employee benefit' as a part of Annual improvements 2014 clarifies that when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important and not the country where they arise. The Group's policy is already in line with this amendment.
- (e) Amendments to IFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements', IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities' and IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures' are applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016. These amendments clarify the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities and their subsidiaries.

The other new standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2016 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's financial reporting and operations.

2.5.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2016 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

- (a) IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. IASB has published the complete version of IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', which replaces the guidance in IAS 39. This final version includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. The Group has yet to assess the impact of these changes on its consolidated financial statements.
- (b) IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The IASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach entities will recognise transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of initial application, i.e. without restating the comparative period. They will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. The Group yet to assess the impact of this standard on its financial statements.
- (c) IFRS 16, 'Leases' is applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. IFRS 16 will affect primarily the accounting by lessees and will result in the recognition of almost all leases on balance sheet. The standard removes the current distinction between operating and financing leases and requires recognition of an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals for virtually all lease contracts. An optional exemption exists for short-term and low-value leases. The accounting by lessors will not significantly change. Some differences may arise as a result of the new guidance on the definition of a lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. This IFRS is under consideration of the relevant Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The standard not likely to have material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- (d) Amendments to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The amendment requires disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes. The amendments are not likely to have material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- (e) Annual improvements 2016 applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. These amendments include changes from the 2014-2016 cycle of annual improvements project that mainly affect following standards:
 - (i) Amendment to IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities', clarifies the scope of IFRS 12 i.e. the disclosure requirements for interests in other entities also applicable to interests that are classified as held for sale or distribution in accordance with IFRS 5.
 - (ii) Amendment to IAS 28 'Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures' clarifies that a venture capital organisation, or other similar qualifying entity, may elect to measure its investments in an associate or joint venture at fair value through profit or loss. This election can be made on an investment-by-investment basis. Further, a non-investment entity investor while applying equity method on its associate / joint venture investment may elect to retain the fair value accounting applied by its investment entity associate / joint venture to their subsidiaries. This election can be made separately for each investment entity associate or joint venture.

There are number of other standards, amendments and interpretations to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Group and therefore, have not been presented here.

2.6 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's financial statements or where judgement was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- fair value of investments: and
- provision for taxation.

3. SIGNIFICANTACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set-out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

3.1 Investment property

Investment property is held for long term rental yields / capital appreciation. Investment property of the Group comprises of freehold land and is valued using the cost model. Cost of investment property consists of historical cost and other directly attributable cost.

3.2 Investments

Investments of the Group are classified into the following categories:

(a) Investments in equity instruments of Associated Companies

Investments in Associated Companies are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investments are initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amounts are increased or decreased to recognise the Company's share of profit or loss of the Investee after the date of acquisition.

The Company's share of post acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, and its share of post acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with the corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Company's share of losses in Associates equals or exceeds its interest in the Associates the Company does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the Associates.

The Company determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investments in the Associates are impaired. If this is the case, the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the Associates and its carrying values and recognises the amount adjacent to share of profit / loss of Associates in the profit and loss account.

(b) Held-to-maturity

Investments with fixed maturity, where the management has both the intent and the ability to hold the

investments to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, these investments are measured at amortised cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition by using the effective interest rate method.

(c) At fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or the investments that are part of a portfolio of financial instruments exhibiting short term profit taking are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss. All transaction costs are recognised directly in consolidated profit and loss account. These are stated at fair value with any resulting gains or losses recognised directly in the consolidated profit and loss account.

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances.

3.4 Equity instruments

These are recorded at their face value.

3.5 Accrued and other liabilities

These are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for services.

3.6 Taxation - current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

3.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.8 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognised when the Group loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in the case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the profit and loss account for the year.

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet includes long term deposit, short term investments, dividend receivable, cash & bank balances and accrued & other liabilities. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

3.9 Off setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the counter party.

3.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable on the following basis:

-dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established; and

-return on investments is recognised on 'accrual basis'.

3.11 Earnings per share

The Group present basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average numbers of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.12 Segment reporting

Segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. On the basis of its internal reporting structure, the Group considers itself to be a single reportable segment.

4.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Freehold land - cost	4.1	73,313,292	73,313,292
	Capital work-in-progress		-	14,789,708
		_	73,313,292	88,103,000

The Holding Company during the year ended June 30, 2015, acquired land measuring 54 Kanals and 1 Marla, situated at Lahore Cantt, District Lahore.

In the opinion of the directors, the market value of investment property at the reporting date has not changed materially since its acquisition date.

5. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

Associated Companies - Equity method

		Equity held		Carrying	ng value	
Name of entity	Note	2017	2016	2017	2016	
				Rupees	Rupees	
Unquoted						
Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited (SFML)	5.1	28.05%	28.05%	1,210,065,085	1,124,450,071	
Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited (SDL)	5.2	6.36%	6.67%	67,968,406	68,688,888	
Diamond Fabrics Limited (DFL)	5.3	30.69%	30.69%	1,189,137,156	1,214,208,640	
Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited (ACML)	5.4	8.40%	8.40%	107,607,891	216,065,380	
Amer Tex (Private) Limited (ATL)	5.5	14.41%	14.41%	122,577,573	132,193,218	
Quoted						
Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills						
Limited (RCSML)	5.6	5.42%	5.42%	116,771,640	106,368,547	
			-	2,814,127,751	2,861,974,744	

- 5.1 SFML was incorporated in Pakistan on July 25, 2000 as a public limited company. SFML is principally engaged in processing, dyeing, finishing of fabric and stitching of garments.
- 5.2 SDL was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on January 31, 2008. The principal business of SDL is to produce and sale of milk and milk products. SDL is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.
- 5.3 DFL was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on February 10, 1988 and later on converted into public limited company on October 8, 1988. The principal business of DFL is to manufacture and sale of cloth.
- ACML was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on December 19, 1985. It is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn. ACML is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.
- ATL is a limited liability company incorporated in Pakistan on April 21, 2010 and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The main business of ATL is to invest in the shares of associated companies and other business as per memorandum of association. ATL is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.
- RCSML was incorporated in Pakistan on June 13, 1990 as a public limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The principal activity of RSCML is manufacturing and sale of yarn. RCSML is an associate of the Group due to common directorship. Fair value of RCML as at June 30, 2017 is Rs.73.573 million (2016: Rs.45.836 million).

5.7 Reconciliation and summarised financial information of associates

The table below presented the reconciliation and financial information of associates as at June 30,2017. Financial statements have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method.

	For the year ended June 30, 2017					
	SFML	SDL	DFL	ACML	ATL	RCSML
			Rupe	s		
Reconciliation to carrying amount						
Opening net assets	4,008,474,466	1,030,333,322	4,031,905,049	1,204,082,494	917,334,265	1,963,242,219
Profit / (loss) for the year	249,604,728	(11,775,107)	(152,157,644)	20,730,741	(6,385,736)	228,994,025
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	177,794,947	(483,270)	3,429,102	59,740,803	-	57,808,725
Other adjustment	(2,818,065)	50,000,000	(8,135,336)	(3,507,716)	-	(43,333,070)
Dividend paid	(119,600,000)	-	-	-	(60,335,902)	(51,460,000)
Closing net assets	4,313,456,076	1,068,074,945	3,875,041,171	1,281,046,322	850,612,627	2,155,251,899
Company's share (Percentage)	28.05%	6.36%	30.69%	8.40%	14.41%	5.42%
Company's share	1,210,065,085	67,968,406	1,189,137,156	107,607,891	122,577,573	116,771,640
•			As at June			
	SFML	SDL	DFL	ACML	ATL	RCSML
Summarised Balance Sheet			Rupee	es		
Non current assets	6,272,211,200	1,092,296,098	8,111,840,426	1,667,296,907	794,391,633	2,154,720,053
Current assets	6,790,065,377	305,710,651	5,473,900,292	2,094,786,634	56,306,929	1,529,155,658
	13,062,276,577	1,398,006,749	13,585,740,718	3,762,083,541	850,698,562	3,683,875,711
Non current liabilities	2,151,915,957	160,542,118	4,525,326,435	344,911,862		220,150,447
Current liabilities	6,596,904,544	169,389,686	5,185,373,112	2,136,125,357	85,935	1,308,473,365
	8,748,820,501	329,931,804	9,710,699,547	2,481,037,219	85,935	1,528,623,812
Net asset	4,313,456,076	1,068,074,945	3,875,041,171	1,281,046,322	850,612,627	2,155,251,899
•			r the year ended	June 30, 2017		
	SFML	SDL	DFL	ACML	ATL	RCSML
Summarised Profit and Loss Accord	unt					
Revenue	14,823,569,969	620,643,003	13,599,375,011	4,982,063,879	129,455,304	3,570,713,354
Profit / (loss) after tax	249,604,728	(11,775,107)	(152,157,644)	20,730,741	(6,385,736)	228,994,025
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	177,794,947	(483,270)	3,429,102	59,740,803	-	57,808,725
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	427,399,675	(12,258,377)	(148,728,542)	80,471,544	(6,385,736)	286,802,750
Dividend received from associates	33,551,700	-	-	-	8,694,708	2,788,105

2017 2016 Rupees Rupee	6.		I INVESTMENTS e through profit or los	se.		
Number of units / shares Number of shares				30	2017	2016
Mutual funds						
Market Fund		,	,	Mutual funds		.,
197,114.3474		41,401.0)1 -		4,243,674	_
1,832,500		-	197,114.3474		-	20,912,610
240,000		-	50.000		-	1.832.500
10,000 - BankIslami Pakistan Bank Limited 9,777,300 -		240,00		••	4,881,600	-
30,000 - Engro Corporation Limited 9,777,300 - 200,000 - Engro Fertilizers Limited 11,048,000 - 35,000 - Habib Bank Limited 9,419,900 - 20,000 20,000 The Hub Power Company Limited 42,537,024 25,146,310 7.				BankIslami Pakistan		
200,000 - Engro Fertilizers Limited 11,048,000 -					817,950	-
35,000					9,777,300	-
20,000				Engro Fertilizers Limited	11,048,000	-
Cash and Bank Balances Limited 2,348,600 2,401,200 42,537,024 25,146,310 2017 2016 Rupees Rupees Rupees 3,800 4,850 2017 3,136,486 2017 3,136,486 2017 3,136,486 2017 3,141,336 2017 3,141,336 2017 3,141,336 2017 3,141,336 2017 2016 3,141,336 2017 2016 3,141,336 20,200,000 20,200,200,000 20,200,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20,200,200 20					9,419,900	-
7. CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand Cash at bank in current accounts 11,616,415 3,136,486 11,620,215 3,141,336 8. SHARE CAPITAL 2017 2016 Number of shares Number of shares Authorised capital 20,200,000 20,200,000 Cordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 10,000 10,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Cordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Cordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		20,00	20,000			
7. CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand Cash at bank in current accounts Cash at bank in current accounts 11,616,415 3,136,486 11,620,215 3,141,336 8. SHARE CAPITAL 2017 2016 Number of shares Authorised capital 20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each sissued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 10,000 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500				Limited	2,348,600	2,401,200
Rupees R					42,537,024	25,146,310
Cash in hand Cash at bank in current accounts 11,616,415 3,136,486	7.	CASH AND B	ANK BALANCES		2017	2016
Cash at bank in current accounts 11,616,415 3,136,486 11,620,215 3,141,336 8. SHARE CAPITAL 2017 2016 Number of shares Authorised capital 20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each 202,000,000 202,000,000 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500					Rupees	Rupees
8. SHARE CAPITAL 2017		Cash in hand			3,800	4,850
8. SHARE CAPITAL 2017 2016 Number of shares Authorised capital 20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each sisued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		Cash at bank i	in current accounts		11,616,415	3,136,486
2017 2016 Number of shares 20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each Ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital					11,620,215	3,141,336
Jumber of shares Authorised capital 20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each 202,000,000 202,000,000 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500	8.	SHARE CAPI	TAL			
20,200,000 20,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each 202,000,000 202,000,000 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		2017	2016			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		Number of	f shares	Authorised capital		
paid-up capital 10,000 10,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		20,200,000	20,200,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	202,000,000	202,000,000
fully paid in cash 100,000 100,000 19,687,500 19,687,500 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500				•		
issued in pursuant to the scheme of arrangements for de-merger 196,875,000 196,875,000 393,950 393,950 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		10,000	10,000	•	100,000	100,000
issued as fully paid bonus shares 3,939,500 3,939,500		19,687,500	19,687,500	issued in pursuant to the scheme	196,875,000	196,875,000
20,091,450 20,091,450 200,914,500 200,914,500		393,950	393,950		3,939,500	3,939,500
		20,091,450	20,091,450		200,914,500	200,914,500

8.1	Ordinary shares held by the related parties as at June 30,	2017 Numbe	2016 r of shares
	Sapphire Fibres Limited	10,199	10,199
	Sapphire Textile Mills Limited	147	147
	Neelum Textile Mills (Private) Limited	2,812,130	2,812,130
	Sapphire Agencies (Private) Limited	602,863	602,863
	Crystal Enterprises (Private) Limited	5,518	5,518
	Sapphire Power Generation Limited	64,534	64,534
	Salman Ismail (SMC-Pvt.) Limited	21,514	21,514
	Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	401,570	401,570
	Sapphire Holding Limited	3,001,087	3,001,087
	Amer Tex (Private) Limited	2,489,946	2,489,946
		9,409,508	9,409,508
9.	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Accrued liabilities	262,075	1,572,007
	Audit fee	355,375	340,375
	Unclaimed dividend	440,062	355,891
		1,057,512	2,268,273

9.1

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Government of Sindh promulgated Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (the Act) thereby repealing the Workers Welfare Ordinance, 1971 (the Ordinance) in its application to the province of Sindh. As per the Act, every industrial establishment located in province of Sindh whose total income for any year of account commencing on or after December 31, 2013, is not less than Rs.500 is required to pay a sum equal to 2% of total income to the Sindh RevenueBoard. However, the management is of the view that the Company does not classify as an "industrial establishment" as define under clause 2(g) of the Act and accordingly is not liable for workers' welfare fund under the Act. Accordingly, no charge for current and prior years, in respect of workers' welfare fund, has been recognised.

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There was no known contingency and commitment as at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

11.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Legal and professional charges		382,584	3,015,300
	Directors' fee		40,000	50,000
	Fee and subscription		666,391	512,088
	Professional tax		110,000	110,000
	Printing and stationery		137,871	119,187
	Auditors' remuneration	11.1	280,375	280,375
	Advertisement		69,225	47,100
	CDC annual fee		160,000	100,000
	Stamp duty and postage		33,433	32,568
	Bank charges		5,480	1,677
	Provincial sales taxes		60,006	150,830
	Others		29,634	21,751
			1,974,999	4,440,876
11.1	Auditors' remuneration		-	
	ShineWing Hameed Chaudhri & Co.			
	- audit fee		165,375	165,375
	- half yearly review		65,000	65,000
	- review of Code of Corporate Governance		35,000	35,000
	Mushtaq & Co.			
	- audit fee		15,000	15,000
			280,375	280,375
12.	TAXATION			
	Current year		5,951,039	5,324,335
	Deferred taxation		1,300,386	1,966,772
			7,251,425	7,291,107

^{12.1} No numeric tax rate reconciliation for the year is given in these consolidated financial statements, as provision made for the current year mainly represents tax charged under section 5 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance).

^{12.2} Income tax assessments of the Holding Company have been completed up to the Tax Year 2016; the return for the said year has not been taken-up for audit till June 30, 2017.

12.3 Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 imposes tax at the rate of 7.5% on every public company other than a scheduled bank or modaraba, that derives profits for tax a year but does not distribute 40% of profits either through cash dividend or issuance of bonus shares within six months of the end of said tax year.

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 28, 2017 has distributed sufficient cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 (refer note 19) which complies with the above-stated requirements. Accordingly, no provision for tax on profits has been recognised in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

13.	EARNINGS PER SHARE	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Net profit for the year	22,218,191	101,243,703
		Number o	of shares
	Weighted average ordinary shares		
	in issue during the year	20,091,450	20,091,450
		Rupees	Rupees
	Basic earnings per share	1.11	5.04

13.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group.

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

14.1 Financial risk factors

The Group has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk; - Liquidity risk; and - Market risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management framework.

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on having cost effective funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted. Credit risk mainly arises from long term deposit, short term investments and deposits with banks.

The credit risk on liquid funds maintained with banks and investments in mutual funds & listed companies securities is limited as such banks, funds and companies enjoy reasonably high credit rating. Accordingly, management does not expect any counter party to fail in meeting their obligations.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Long term deposit	37,500	37,500
Short term investments	42,537,024	25,146,310
Dividend receivable	362,259	-
Bank balances	11,616,415	3,136,486
	54,553,198	28,320,296

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Group is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as all obligations of the Group are short term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity. As at reporting date, accrued and other liabilities are the only financial liability of the Group that are due within next twelve months.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk mainly arises where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. The Group is not exposed to foreign exchange risk as it does not have any foreign currency receivables or payables.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

As the Group has no significant interest bearing assets and liabilities the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from foreign exchange risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors effecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Group's investments in mutual fund and listed securities amounting to Rs.42,537,024 (2016: Rs.25,146,310) are exposed to price risk due to changes in fair value of such funds and listed companies.

A change of 1% in fair value of mutual funds and of shares at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) profit before taxation for the year and investments by the amounts shown below.

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Effect on profit before taxation	425,370	251,463
Effect on investments	425,370	251,463

14.2 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Group is going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1]. Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset
- or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) [Level 2].
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) [Level 3].

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

	June 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets - Recurring fair value measurement		Rup	ees	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Short term investments	42,537,024			42,537,024
		June 3	0, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets - Recurring fair value measurement		Rup	ees	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Short term investments	25,146,310			25,146,310

There were no transfers amongst the levels during the current and preceding year. The Group's policy is to recognise transfer into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting periods.

Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

There were no other material Level 1, 2 or 3 assets or liabilities during the current and preceding year.

14.3 Capital risk management

The Group's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to the ordinary shareholders.

The capital structure of the Group is equity based with no financing through long term or short term borrowings at the reporting date.

There was no change in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

There are no significant transactions with related parties during the current year except for dividend income aggregating Rs.45,034,513 (2016: Rs.39,291,901) received from Associated Companies and meeting fees amounting Rs.40,000 (2016: Rs.50,000) paid to a non-executive director.

16. OPERATING SEGMENTS

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment.

- (a) Total revenues of the Group are earned from investments in Pakistan.
- (b) All non-current assets of the Group as at June 30, 2017 are located in Pakistan.

17. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No remuneration has been paid or is payable by the Group on account of remuneration of Chief executive officer, directors and executives for the year except for meeting fee paid to a non executive director.

18. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total and average number of employees as at year end was 4 (2016: 4).

19. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company, in their meeting held on September 28, 2017, has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 0.75 (2016: Re.1.00) per share amounting to Rs. 15,068,588(2016: Rs.20,091,450) for the year ended June 30, 2017. This appropriation will be approved by the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on October 24, 2017. These consolidated financial statements do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

20. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on September 28, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

Chief Executive

Form of Proxy I/we Folio No. of a member(s) of SFL Limited and a holder of Ordinary Shares, do hereby appoint or failing him/her of a member of SFL Limited, vide Registered Folio No. as my/our Proxy to act on my/our behalf at 08th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday the 24th October, 2017 at 05:00 p.m. at Trading Hall, Cotton Exchange Building, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi and / or any adjournment thereof. Signed this_____ day of _____ 2017 REVENUE STAMP OF RS.5/-(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company) **NOTICE** 1. No proxy shall be valid unless it is duly stamped with a revenue stamp of Rs.5/-2. In the case of Bank or Company, the proxy form must be executed under its Common seal and signed by its authorized person. Power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which this proxy form is signed then a certified copy of that 3. power of attorney must be deposited along with this proxy form. This form of proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company atleast 48 4. hours before the time of holding the meeting. In case of CDC account holder: i) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form. ii) Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form. iii) The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting. In case of corporate entity, the board of directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen iv) signature of the proxy holder shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the company. Witness: Name Name Address Address NIC No. NIC No.

S F L ليئذ

م مقام / متبادل	فارم برائے قائ	میں میں
	: S F لمیٹڈ کے ممبر ہونے کے ناطے اپنا/اپنے مندرجہ ذیل قا ^{کا}	پخ
	(جناب/محترمه/	نام
	: اُن کی غیرموجود گی میں جناب/محتر مہ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ :	* اورأ سنة
	ی/ ہماری غیر موجودگی میں قائم مقام/متبادل نمپنی کی سالانہ ا ت 05:00 بجشام، ٹریڈنگ ہال،کاٹن ایکھینچ بلڈنگ،آ کی دستاویز پرمورخہ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔2017 کودستخ	بوقت
	اهان:	_
	: الشخط	1)
	نام:	
	:	
	» CNIC يا پاسپورٹ نمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	
شیئر ہولڈر کے دستخط		
شيئر ہولڈر کا فولیونمبر:۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔		1)
اور/ C D Q	نام:	
شریک ہونے والے کا ID نمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	; ;	
اورسبا کا ؤنٹ نمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	CNIC يا پاسپورٹ نمبر ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ	
ے 48 گھنٹے پہلے تک ممپنی وفتر بمقام کاٹن ایکیچنج بلڈنگ، آئی آئی چندریگر	روڈ ،گرا چی جمع کروا تیں۔	نو
ایک سے گزارش ہے کہ اپنے کمپیوٹرائز ڈ قومی شناختی کارڈ (CNIC) یا	C D C شیئر ہولڈر اور اُن کے قائم مقام/متبادل ہر	
وائيں ۔	پاسپورٹ کی فوٹو کا پی اس فارم کےساتھ کمپنی میں جمع کر ا	
نرارش ہے کہا پنے اصلی کمپیوٹرائز ڈ شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ ہمراہ شرکت کا پر		
کت کے لیے آتے ہوئے ساتھ لائیں تا کہ اُن کی شناخت میں آ سانی ہو۔	.I.D نمبراورا پناا کا ؤنٹ نمبرسالانہ جنرل میٹنگ میں تثر	

